River Homework 6 Answers

1) At what time was the River Seeton at Peak discharge? (1)

20:00 on day 1

2) Peak rainfall around the River Dorth was at 06:00 on day 1. What was the lag time? (1)

18 hours

- 3) Which river is more likely to flood? Outline one reason for your answer (2)
 - 1.3 The River Section is more likely to flood [1 mark] because it has a higher peak discharge, meaning that there is more water in the channel [1 mark]. / The River Section is more likely to flood [1 mark] because it has a shorter lag time, meaning that discharge increases more quickly [1 mark].
- 4) The land around the River Secton has been paved and built on. Suggest how land use here might affect the shape of the hydrograph (2)
- Built-up areas contain lots of impermeable surfaces and drains [1 mark]. Impermeable surfaces increase runoff and drains quickly take runoff to rivers, so the hydrograph will have a higher peak discharge and a shorter lag time [1 mark].
- 5) Explain how two physical factors may increase the risk of flooding (2)

Any two from: e.g. prolonged rainfall causes the soil to become saturated, so any further rainfall can't infiltrate [1 mark]. This increases runoff into the river, so discharge increases quickly and the river is more likely to flood [1 mark]. Heavy rainfall means the water arrives too rapidly for infiltration, so there's a lot of runoff [1 mark]. This increases discharge quickly, so the risk of flooding increases [1 mark]. Clay soils and some rocks, e.g. granite and shale, are impermeable (i.e. they don't allow infiltration) so runoff is increased [1 mark]. When it rains, discharge increases quickly, so the flood risk increases [1 mark]. If a river is in a steep-sided valley, water will reach the river channel much faster because water flows more quickly on steeper slopes [1 mark]. Discharge increases rapidly, so flooding is more likely [1 mark].