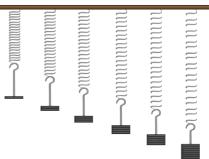
AQA Physics Combined Scien	ice Unit 5: Forces Foundati	on			
Complete the following A vector quantity has a scalar quantities only h	a m and a c	d whereas a	State the equation that can be used to determine the weight of an object.		
Place a tick in the cor are vector or scalar qua		U	Calculate the weight of an object on the moon if its mass is 3kg. The gravitational field strength on the moon is 1.6N/kg.		
Quantity	Vector	Scalar			
Force				Students placed	
Speed			[ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [ [	ts extension. Th	iey col
Distance			Explain the effect on an object's weight if its mass was doubled.	Force (N)	0
Velocity				Length of Spring (cm)	3
Displacement			Calculate the resultant forces acting on the van below.	Extension (cm)	0
Forces can be contact of example. Contact: Non-contact:	or non contact. For ea	ch one, give an		Plot a force/exte to include a line	
Explain the difference l	between mass and wei	ight.	Horizontal force:		
Mass:			Vertical force:		
Weight:			On a force diagram, what two things do the arrows show?		
Unit of mass:					
Unit of weight:			Complete the sentences below.		
Name the apparatus u	sed to determine an o	hiects weight		Mark the limit o	of prop
			Elastic deformation occurs when a force has been applied to a	State the equation	



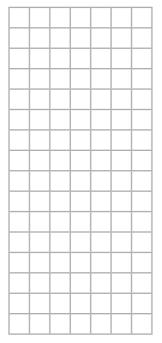
(1) g



ses, one at a time, on a spring and measured ollected the following results.

1	2	3	3 4	
5	7	9	11	17
2	4	6	8	14

n graph for the data shown above. Remember est fit.



portionality on your graph.

nat links force, spring constant and extension.



## AQA Physics Combined Science Unit 5: Forces Foundation

Define work done.	a	The graph below	Are the following forces balanced or unbalanced?
		is a distance/ time graph of a person travelling	An ornament knocked off a window sill. If t dist
State the equation that links work done, distance.	force and	from home to the supermarket and home again.	A football as it rolls towards a goal.
Write the units for		again.	Describe an experiment to determine whether your g acc
work done: force:		Where on the graph is the person stationary?	reaction time is faster with your right or left hand. <b>Key words:</b> ruler, partner, repeats
distance:			Rea
A lorry travels 200m when the brakes are ap	plied with	Between points A and E, where is the speed the fastest? Explain you answer.	
a force of 600N. Calculate the work done t lorry.			Cal
		A car increases its velocity from 5m/s to 12m/s in	
		a time of 10 seconds. Calculate its acceleration. Remember to include all units.	[ ] [ ]
			Cal
Calculate the force if 3000J of energy is r move a box of books a distance of 150cm.	equired to		
		Explain the term deceleration.	Sta fals
			stat
Draw lines to match the methods of transpo with their average speeds.	ortation <b>b</b>	A coach travels at an average speed of 30mph for 20	Describe the effect of friction on a moving object. <b>h</b> The act
car 1.5m/s		minutes. How far has it travelled in that time?	State two ways in which friction on a moving object
walking 55m/s	5		can be overcome.
train 3m/s		Stopping distance is calculated by adding thinking	
running 25m/s	6	distance and braking distance. Thinking distance is affected by:	New View Contraction of the second se
State three factors that could affect a person	ı's	s;	What is terminal velocity?
walking speed. 1.		rt	Terminal velocity depends on two things:
2.		Braking distance is affected by:	Terminal velocity depends on two things:       If t         s       objoint
3		r conditions.	a



ar is travelling along a busy road. As it approaches oundabout, the driver applies the brakes. he road is icy, how will this affect the braking tance? Explain your answer.

2

k

te the equation that links force, mass and eleration.

rrange the equation you have given above to culate acceleration.

culate the force acting on an object with a mass 15 kg and acceleration of 4 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

lculate the mass of an object, if it has a force of 00N and its acceleration is 50m/s<sup>2</sup>.

te whether the following statements are true or se. If a statement is false, please write the correct tement.

e resultant force on an object is the overall force ing on it.

e larger the resultant force on an object the more .ccelerates.

wton's second law states that when two objects eract, the forces they exert on each are in the ne direction.

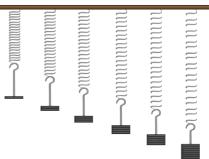
he resultant force on an object is zero, then the ect must be stationary.

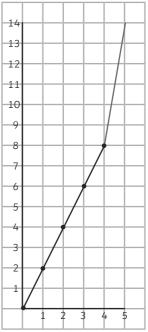


AQA Physics Combined Scienc	ce Unit 5: Forces Foundation	on Answers								(1)
Complete the following sentence: A vector quantity has a m <b>agnitude</b> and a d <b>irection</b> whereas a scalar quantities only has a m <b>agnitude</b> .			State the equation that can be used to determine the weight of d an object. weight = mass × gravitational field strength							g
Place a tick in the corr are vector or scalar qua		U U	Calculate the weight of an object on the moon if its mass is 3kg. The gravitational field strength on the moon is 1.6N/kg.							
Quantity	Vector	Scalar	weight = 3 × 1.6 = 4.8N							
Force	$\checkmark$			Students place				-	-	measured
Speed		$\checkmark$	Explain the effect on an object's weight if its mass was doubled.				1		I	
Distance		$\checkmark$	The weight would also be doubled.	Force (N)	0	1	2	3	4	5
Velocity	<i>√</i>			Length of Spring (cm)	3	5	7	9	11	17
Displacement	$\checkmark$		Calculate the resultant forces acting on the van below.	Extension (cm)	0	2	4	6	8	14
Forces can be contact of example. Contact: <b>friction, air resistance,</b> Non-contact: <b>magnetic, gravitationa</b>	tension, normal	ch one, give an	1000 N ↓ 600 N ↓ ↓ 600 N ↓ ↓ 1000 N	Plot a force/ex to include a li	-		the data	a shown	above. R	Remember
Explain the difference between mass and weight.			Horizontal force: 800 – 600 = 200N Vertical force: 1000 – 1000 = 0N			-7 -6 -5				
Weight: the force acting on an object due to gravity.			On a force diagram, what two things do the arrows show? Direction of force and relative size.							
Unit of mass: <b>kg</b>										
Unit of weight: <b>N</b>			Complete the sentences below.				2 3 4	ש ק		
Name the apparatus used to determine an objects weight. newton meter			Elastic deformation occurs when a force has been applied to a spring and it r <b>eturns</b> to its original shape. I <b>nelastic</b> deformation occurs when the spring does not return to its original shape.	Mark the limit of proportionality on your graph. State the equation that links force, spring constant and extension. force = spring constant × extension						



(1)







Define work done.	The graph below	Are the following forces balanced or unbalanced?
This occurs when a force moves an object for a	is a distance/	Are the following forces balanced of unbalanced?
distance.	time graph of a	An ornament knocked off a window sill.
	person travelling	unbalanced
State the equation that links work done, force and	from home to	A football as it rolls towards a goal.
distance.	the supermarket	unbalanced
work done = force × distance	and home	Sta
Write the units for	again.	
work done: <b>joules</b>	$0_0 \xrightarrow{2} 4_0 \xrightarrow{6} 8_1 0_1 2_1 4_1 6_1 8_2 0$ Time (hours)	Describe an experiment to determine whether your
force: newtons		reaction time is faster with your right or left hand.
distance: <b>metres</b>	Where on the graph is the person stationary?	Key words: ruler, partner, repeatsRepWork with a partner.cal
	B-C and D-E	
A lorry travels 200m when the brakes are applied with	Between points A and E, where is the speed the	their right hand is hanging over the edge of the
a force of 600N. Calculate the work done to stop the	fastest? Explain you answer.	table.
lorry.	C-D because it is the steepest part of the graph.	Person B places a ruler vertically between Person
work done = force × distance		A's thumb and first finger, with the Ocm end of the
= 600 × 200 = 120 000J	A car increases its velocity from 5m/s to 12m/s in	ruler pointing downwards. The thumb and first
- 120 0003	a time of 10 seconds. Calculate its acceleration.	finger should be as far apart as possible.
Calculate the force if 3000J of energy is required to	Remember to include all units.	Person B should place the Ocm mark level with the
move a box of books a distance of 150cm.	acceleration = change in velocity $\div$ time	top of Person As thunds and drop the fuller without
Convert cm to m: 150cm = 1.5m	$= (12 - 5) \div 10$ = 7 ÷ 10	telling them.
Rearrange formula:	0.7m/s	Person A catches the ruler as quickly as possible. Reading from the top of the thumb, record how
force = work done ÷ distance	0.111/0	many cms it took to catch
= 3000 ÷ 1.5		Repeat 9 more times with the right hand
= 2000N	Explain the term deceleration.	Repeat experiment with the left hand.     fal
	Negative acceleration, when something is slowing	
Draw lines to match the methods of transportation	down.	Describe the effect of friction on a moving object.
with their average speeds.	A coach travels at an average speed of 30mph for 20	It slows it down.
	minutes. How far has it travelled in that time?	
car 1.5m/s	10 miles	State two ways in which friction on a moving object
walking 55m/s		can be overcome.
train 3m/s	e	Using a lubricant.
	Stopping distance is calculated by adding thinking	Make the object more streamlined.
running 25m/s	distance and braking distance. Thinking distance is affected by:	int
State three factors that sould affect a nerrow's	speed;	What is terminal velocity?
State three factors that could affect a person's walking speed.	reaction time.	What is terminal velocity? Fall When an object is falling at a steady speed.
<ol> <li>age</li> <li>fitness</li> </ol>	Braking distance is affected by:	Terminal velocity depends on two things: obj
	t <b>yres</b> ;	shape Fal
3. terrain	r <b>oad</b> conditions.	area



(2)Ú ar is travelling along a busy road. As it approaches oundabout, the driver applies the brakes. he road is icy, how will this affect the braking ance? Explain your answer. friction, therefore it will take longer to stop. k te the equation that links force, mass and eleration. ce = mass × acceleration rrange the equation you have given above to culate acceleration. eleration = force ÷ mass culate the force acting on an object with a mass .5kg and acceleration of 4m/s<sup>2</sup>. ma 15 × 4 60N culate the mass of an object, if it has a force of OON and its acceleration is 50m/s<sup>2</sup>. ss = force ÷ acceleration = 2000 ÷ 50 = 40kg te whether the following statements are true or e. If a statement is false, please write the correct tement. resultant force on an object is the overall force ing on it. е larger the resultant force on an object the more ccelerates. e wton's second law states that when two objects eract, the forces they exert on each are in the ne direction. se. The forces act in opposite direction. he resultant force on an object is zero, then the ect must be stationary. se. It could be travelling at a constant speed.

